

July 1, 2022

By Postal Mail and Electronic Mail

Department of Financial Protection and Innovation Attn: Sandra Navarro 300 S. Spring Street, Suite 15513 Los Angeles, California 90013

Email: regulations@dfpi.ca.gov and @dfpi.ca.gov

Re: <u>PRO 03-21</u>

Dear Ms. Navarro and Mr. Bae:

We appreciate the opportunity to comment on PRO 03-21, the Notice of Proposed Rulemaking Under the California Consumer Financial Protection Law: Consumer Complaints and Inquiries (the "Proposal"), issued by the Department of Financial Protection and Innovation (the "Department") and proposing to add Article 5 (Sections 1070-1075) to Chapter 3, Subchapter 4 of the California Code of Regulations (the "Proposed Regulations"). Marlette Holdings, Inc. ("Marlette") is committed to consumer protection and considers the consumer experience as a core part of its business. We welcome the opportunity to help the Department in its missions of consumer protection and innovation.

Marlette is the operator of the Best Egg consumer-lending platform, and a financial technology provider seeking better ways to assist banks in making money accessible to consumers. Marlette's team mixes decades of banking experience with deep customer knowledge and smart technology to deliver lending-related digital products, services, and experiences to consumers on behalf of banks in a more relevant way. Marlette works with banks, facilitating the banks' origination of consumer loans and consumer credit cards through the Best Egg platform. The Best Egg platform provides a frictionless online personal lending experience where qualified applicants can instantly view loan offers with no impact to their credit scores and receive a loan from a bank in as little as one business day. Since March 2014, Marlette has helped banks deliver over \$18 billion of prime loans, including particularly to underserved consumers, with strong credit performance. Marlette's subsidiary, Marlette Servicing, LLC, has submitted an application for a California Debt Collection License and is currently awaiting the Department's response.

Marlette is a member of the American Fintech Council, a group of innovative, responsible companies that have brought new and beneficial consumer lending products to consumers across the country. Marlette joins and fully supports the comments that are being submitted separately by the American Fintech Council.

We respectfully submit the following comments to assist the Department in achieving its, and Marlette's, goals of both protecting consumers and supporting innovation that benefits customers' financial health.

Narrow the Focus of the Proposal. After studying the Proposed Regulations, requirements of other agencies such as the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau (the "CFPB") and the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (the "FDIC"), and our own operational processes for learning and engaging with our customers, we believe that the Proposed Regulations as drafted are overbroad and unnecessary with respect to Marlette and other established, sophisticated companies with effective complaint management processes already in place. We, like other responsible companies, have robust, established policies and procedures in place, as well as a lengthy track record to ensure that we investigate, address and respond to consumer complaints in a timely and satisfactory manner. The consumer experience is vital to our business and success, and thus we believe that learning from and responding to complaints is an opportunity to enhance the products, services and experience we can offer to our customers.

For example, Marlette's existing processes include:

- Numerous channels in which to submit a complaint, including telephone, mail, chat, email, and social media. Consumers can also submit complaints to the CFPB, the FDIC, and the Better Business Bureau. We also monitor multiple review websites for complaints and routinely send surveys to our customers requesting feedback on their experience with Best Egg. These easy-to-use complaint channels are available to everyone and provide ample opportunity for consumers to express any concerns or dissatisfaction.
- Customer representatives who are trained to listen, learn and respond to complaints in real time whenever possible. Each representative has authority to resolve complaints in most cases, and to escalate more difficult or complicated complaints to customer service managers. All complaints are recorded and tracked in Marlette's system of record, and we analyze complaints for trends and indications of areas in which we, as a company, could improve. Although we track and learn from even frivolous complaints, an unduly bureaucratic, burdensome response regime benefits neither the customer nor the company.
- Classification of complaints into categories that correspond to our business and enable us to most effectively track, learn and respond. It would be expensive, disruptive and unhelpful to adopt a different set of 17 categories that neither align with the categories that federal regulators require of us, nor provide additional benefit in the goal of protecting customers against unfair, deceptive or abusive acts or practices.

We note that we have not received any feedback – either from consumers or other regulators – that Marlette's current complaint response process is deficient.

Burden on Marlette will far exceed the Department's estimate. We believe that the Proposed Regulations would impose a significant burden on Marlette and similarly situated companies by requiring compliance with the specific processes and obligations in the Proposed Regulations, without providing any meaningful benefit to either consumers or the Department. In that regard, the Department's estimate of the burden on companies is much too low. The Department provided an estimate of \$2,500 in implementation costs and \$4,000 in ongoing costs after implementation. We

estimate, very conservatively, that initial costs would run at least \$50,000 and up to \$100,000 for the implementation of new systems, the change management required across each communication channel and the development of redundant paperwork that provides no additional benefit to our customers. We further expect ongoing costs to be substantial. For example, the proposed regulation would require:

- Significant operational changes associated with building and maintaining an after-hours voicemail function when multiple other channels exist to serve the customer's individual communication preferences.
 - Entirely revamping and maintaining complaint handling timelines, procedures, and reporting to meet the Proposal's requirements, which do not align with the business needs for the same processes.
- Tracking and responding to an expected increase in duplicative complaints, requiring individualized (and duplicative) responses to each.

Further, the overly prescriptive requirements in the Proposal will permit abuse of the complaint system by consumers with frivolous complaints. Dealing with those complaints can consume an inordinate amount of resources. The goal of the complaint process should be to address actual errors experienced by a customer rather than attacking legitimate company policies or processes that simply do not result in the customer's desired outcome.

Regulations should focus on areas with identified problems. We encourage the Department to focus any final regulation on entities that have not demonstrated an ability to respond effectively to customer complaints. Through its supervision and examination authority, the Department has broad access to the complaint management processes at individual companies, including complaints about the complaint process itself; any numerous and frequent escalation by customers to the Department; or repeated violations of UDAAP and other consumer protections. Accordingly, we respectfully suggest and urge the Department to focus its worthwhile goal of enhancing consumer protection on companies that have historically targeted vulnerable populations, a history of predatory lending, or abusive practices -- and correspondingly higher volumes of consumer complaints. By casting a net as wide as the Proposal, we believe the Department would create an overbroad and unduly burdensome regime that would sap the agility of responsible companies, drain valuable resources and fail to achieve any meaningful change in the critical goal of preventing unfair, deceptive, and abusive acts and practices.

Requirements regarding inquiries are unnecessary. We also request that the Department withdraw the sections of the Proposed Regulations addressing inquiries. An inquiry is, by definition, not a complaint; the customer is not dissatisfied, but merely asking for additional information or assistance. Marlette and other covered persons already have sufficient business reasons to respond to inquiries in a timely manner; inquiries frequently resolve questions that allow consumers to use the products and services that we offer. Extending a formal tracking system to inquiries will only impose additional costs.

<u>Increased burdens will harm competition.</u> An overly burdensome complaint process will also harm consumers by imposing undue costs on entities that are subject to the California Consumer Financial Protection Law. Under Financial Code Section 90002, many entities are exempt, including banks, bank holding companies, credit unions, finance lenders, residential mortgage lenders, broker-dealers, and more. These entities are already subject to regulatory expectations regarding complaint responses – or

no requirements at all. There is no reason to impose a greater burden on covered persons by hindering their ability to effectively compete with entities that are not subject to these requirements.

Exceptions for certain complaint processes subject to federal regulation. Certain types of communications that could be considered "complaints" or "inquiries" under the Department's Proposed Regulation are already subject to existing regulatory frameworks. These include billing error disputes, claims of unauthorized use, and payment defenses that are regulated by the federal Fair Credit Billing Act and the CFPB's Regulation Z (see 12 C.F.R. §§ 1026.12(b) & (c) and 1026.13), and disputes about information in consumers' credit reports that are regulated by the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act and the CFPB's Regulation V (see 15 U.S.C. § 1681i, 12 C.F.R. § 1022.43). The Proposed Regulations should exempt these complaints, in order to avoid inconsistent or duplicative obligations on covered persons. Complaints received through other government channels – such as the CFPB or the FDIC – should also be exempt in the interest of reducing duplication and the ministerial burden.

Permit flexibility as long as companies responsibly handle complaints and make data available to the Department. Overall, we believe that the Department would best serve consumers and the goal of innovation by permitting flexibility, establishing basic requirements for complaint handling, and allowing companies to develop their own processes to meet those requirements. Allowing companies to exercise flexibility will serve the Department's goals of protecting consumers, with the authority to enforce against those who fail to establish reasonable processes but without requiring the upheaval of reinventing complaint channels, timelines, tracking, and information gathering by companies with sustainable, reasonable processes already in place.

In addition, we urge the Department to consider that, for most covered persons, much information about consumer complaints is already available from the CFPB. Creating a duplicative public reporting requirement is unnecessary and provides no meaningful benefit.

| Marlette appreciates the Department's effort to implement | nt the California Consumer Financial |
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| Protection Law, and the opportunity to provide these com | ments. We thank you for taking the time to |
| consider these comments as you review the proposed reg | ulation. We welcome you to contact me, Jean |
| Traub, General Counsel or | or Lauren Abbott, Associate |
| General Counsel or |) if you would like to discuss these |
| comments further. | |
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| Very truly yours, | |
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| Joan V. Traub | |
| Jean K. Traub | |
| General Counsel, Marlette Holdings, Inc. | |